

Central Intelligence Agency



Washington, D.C. 20505

OLL 84-1493/1

20 APR 1984

Mr. James M. Frey
Assistant Director for Legislative Reference
Office of Management and Budget
Washington, D.C. 20503

Dear Mr. Frey:

This is in response to your request for the views of the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) on a draft legislative proposal on reciprocity and equivalence for inclusion in the Fiscal Year 1985 Intelligence Authorization Act.

This draft proposal, known as the Huddleston-Leahy proposal, would:

(a) express the sense of the Congress that the numbers and privileges of official representatives of foreign governments that engage in hostile intelligence activities within the United States should not exceed those numbers and privileges afforded to official representatives of the United States;

(b) require that the number of persons granted diplomatic status, privileges and immunities who represent governments that engage in intelligence activities harmful to the national security of the U.S. shall not exceed the number of Americans granted similar status and rights in such countries;

(c) require regular reports to several Congressional Committees on actions taken to eliminate the disparity between the number of official foreign government representatives granted diplomatic status, privileges and immunities in the U.S. and the number of Americans granted the same status and privileges in such countries; and

(d) repeal the provision in the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 that requires that the Director of the Office of Foreign Missions be a member of the Foreign Service for at least ten years and have certain other qualifications before being appointed as Director.

DCI
EXEC
REG

While the CIA supports the primary objective of this legislation, which is to reduce the presence of affected intelligence services in the U.S. by requiring an equivalence between the number of foreign government representatives with diplomatic status and privileges in the U.S. and the number of U.S. representatives with similar status and privileges overseas, the CIA is concerned that certain portions of this proposal could redound to the detriment of United States collection activities.

In this regard, the CIA has no objection to section (a) of the proposed amendment, which expresses the sense of the Congress that disparities between the number of foreign government representatives with diplomatic status and privileges in the U.S. and U.S. representatives with similar status and privileges in foreign countries should be eliminated. Appropriate legislation in this area could result in an equality of numbers of people granted diplomatic privileges. This, indeed, is desirable to reduce the counterintelligence threat. Care should be taken, however, that such legislation does not affect existing agreements. We also have a concern that the mechanism for achieving this goal, which is set out in sections (b) and (c), could result in retaliatory measures by the subject foreign governments. Since these concerns, as well as the statutory changes proposed in section (d), primarily affect State Department equities, we must ultimately defer to their views on these matters.

Sincerely,

/s/ Clair E. George

Clair E. George
Director, Office of Legislative Liaison

DISTRIBUTION:

Original - Addressee

1 - ExReg

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✓ 1 - LEG File: FY 85 Intelligence Authorization Bill

1 - SWH Signer

SWH:csh (18 April 1984)

TO : XXXXXXXXXXXX DD/OLL, D/OLL		DATE OF REQUEST 4/18/84
STAT FROM : Chief, Legislation Division		SUSPENSE DATE
SUBJECT: Reciprocity Proposal		
NOTES Attached is the views letter regarding the Leahy-Huddleston proposal to be included in the FY 85 Intelligence Authorization Bill. We have attached a routing sheet to go to the DCI for his approval.		
COORDINATED WITH (list names as well as offices)		
NAME	OFFICE	DATE
NAME	OFFICE	DATE
NAME	OFFICE	DATE
NAME	OFFICE	DATE
ACTION REQUIRED BY XX D/OLL Initial off on routing sheet and forward		

OLL 84-1448/1
19 April 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR: Deputy Director for Administration

STAT FROM:

[REDACTED]
Chief, Legislation Division
Office of Legislative Liaison

SUBJECT: Constituent Letter Received From an
FPO Assigned to Headquarters

1. Attached is a request from Senator Paul Sarbanes asking the Agency to respond to a letter received from one of his constituents, an FPO assigned to Headquarters. I am providing this constituent letter to your office in order that an appropriate response may be prepared.

2. The constituent letter states that GSA has failed to provide adequate personnel for the protection of CIA installations and has been unwilling to offer the additional compensation and benefits required to attract sufficient personnel to fill the numerous vacancies at these installations. The letter also notes the Agency's desire to establish its own armed security force, but that the operation of such a force would be contrary to the National Security Act of 1947. The letter concludes with the individual's complaint that his eight years of experience at the Agency will have been wasted once this assumption of the security function by CIA is accomplished.

3. We will be happy to make the appropriate arrangements for delivery of the response once it has been prepared by your office. If I can be of further assistance in this matter, do not hesitate to contact me.

STAT
STAT cc: [REDACTED] Liaison

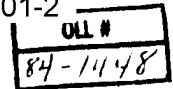
Attachment

DISTRIBUTION:

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SWH:csH (19 April 1984)

PAUL S. SARBANES
MARYLAND



United States Senate

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20510

April 11, 1984

Claire E. George, Director
Office of Legislative Liaison
Central Intelligence Agency
Washington, DC 20505

Dear Ms. George:

I have enclosed for your review a copy of a recent letter which I received from a General Services Administration Federal Protective Service employee who is assigned to duty at the Agency complex in Langley. The letter raises some serious concerns about proposed changes in the security personnel structure at your facilities. I would greatly appreciate it if you would review the issues raised in this letter and provide me with your impressions.


With best regards,

Sincerely,

Paul S. Sarbanes
United States Senator

PSS/klo

Enclosure

 Paul Sarbanes

ILLEGIB

U.S. Capital Building
Washington, D.C. 20515

23 March 1984

Representative Sarbanes

Perhaps you can help me with the particular situation I find myself in with regards to my career in Federal Law Enforcement. The problem is that the GSA failed to provide the CIA with adequate personnel for the protection and security of CIA property. Due to the recent escalation of terrorist activities directed against the U.S. Government (January 1, 1983 - bombing of a Federal Building in New York; bombing of U.S. Capitol in November 1983). The CIA JUSTIFIABLY wants their own armed uniformed security force with the authority to "Protect Life and Property and Possess Arrest Powers". This would be contrary to the CIA charter and the National Security Act of 1947 which forbids the CIA from exercising any law enforcements authority within the United States.

Due to the low salary and sub-standard law enforcement benefits, the GSA could not attract or retain the calibre of officers required by the CIA. The CIA offered to pay the Federal Protective Officers assigned to their properties salaries commensurate to their qualifications and responsibilities in order to attract and retain personnel to fill the numerous vacancies. The GSA has declined for the past eight years. My preparation and dedication to my profession will have been for naught because of the GSA's negligence.

What can be done to prevent this waste of highly trained, experienced men and women of the Federal Protective Service?